LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS AIKEN, SOUTH CAROLINA

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Lower Savannah Council of Governments Aiken, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants S.C. Association of Certified Public Accountants The Board of Directors Lower Savannah Council of Governments October 15, 2021

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension plan schedules, and other post employment benefit plan schedule be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements. The Combining Statement of Revenue and Expenditures – Grant Sub-Funds, other supplementary information, and Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual – South Carolina Department of Transportation are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Board of Directors Lower Savannah Council of Governments October 15, 2021

The above schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Statement of Revenue and Expenditures – Grant Sub-Funds, Other Supplementary Information, and Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual – South Carolina Department of Transportation and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2021, on our consideration of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKinley, Cooper & Co., LLC

Greenville, South Carolina October 15, 2021

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

INTRODUCTION

As management of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments (LSCOG), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the LSCOG for the year ended June 30, 2021. Our purpose is to inform readers of the LSCOG's operations and present our financial position.

LSCOG is a 501(c)(4) organization that was formed in 1967 under the provision of Article 2, Act 487 of the South Carolina General Assembly, as amended in 1971. The LSCOG is a regional planning agency governed by a board of directors comprised of elected officials representing the counties of Aiken, Allendale, Bamberg, Barnwell, Calhoun and Orangeburg. LSCOG is the recognized regional entity for providing planning and development services for its member counties.

The mission of the LSCOG is to work with and on behalf of local governments to develop, implement, and administer plans, programs and projects in cooperation with local, state and national stakeholders, to improve the quality of life for residents in the Lower Savannah Region. Our vision is to be a nationally recognized, comprehensive resource that facilitates regional solutions through innovative and cooperative partnerships. We, at Lower Savannah Council of Governments, are committed to the highest ethical standards of professional service, leadership and integrity. We strive together in service to the region to utilize problem solving techniques and develop a creative outlook for the future. The success of this organization depends on the talents, skills and expertise of its board and staff working as a team. Lower Savannah Council of Governments understands the importance of its mission, vision and values and the trust placed in this organization by the people it serves.

LSCOG houses and operates the Lower Savannah Regional Development Corporation (LSRDC) a 501(c)(3) organization formed in 1982. The LSRDC was established to further economic development in the Lower Savannah region; to promote and assist in the growth and development of business concerns; to promote and assist in the development of residential housing and engage in those activities herein stated. The principal objective of the corporation is to benefit the region economically by fostering increased employment opportunities and by expansion of business and industry; thereby, lessening the burdens of government and combating community deterioration.

LSCOG also houses and operates the Lower Savannah Regional Information and Assistance Corporation (LSRIAC) a 501(c)(3) organization formed in 2005. The LSRIAC is able to apply for foundation and government grants in order to continue to support the programs which assist persons with human service needs. The principal objective of the corporation is to benefit the region by fostering increased knowledge of and access to services, resources, and options related to well-being and quality of life and by expansion of partnerships and networking with related organizations and entities at all levels who can help to accomplish the goals of the corporation and making the communities in the region a better place to live. Target groups which will benefit from the work of the LSRIAC include senior adults and persons with disabilities needing long term support to enable independent living, and transportation services. The LSRIAC also assists other individuals in need of transportation services, the medically

indigent, family caregivers and other groups as determined by the board of directors and advisory committees.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement 34.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to LSCOG's financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the LSCOG's finances, in a manner similar to most private-sector companies.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all of the LSCOG's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Over time, increases and decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how the LSCOG's Net Position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All the current year revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. LSCOG uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All the funds of LSCOG are governmental funds. LSCOG has two component units, the Lower Savannah Regional Development Corporation and the Regional Information and Assistance Corporation.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

LSCOG maintains numerous individual special revenue funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Sub-Grant Funds, Regional Development Corporation (RDC) Funds as well as Regional Information and Assistance Corporation (RIAC) Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

					Total
					Percentage
		2021	 2020	 Difference	Change
Current Assets	\$	4,476,218	\$ 3,970,563	\$ 505,655	12.74%
Capital Assets		826,819	 954,001	 (127,182)	(13.33)%
Total Assets		5,303,037	 4,924,564	 378,473	7.69%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		679,597	 474,432	 205,165	43.24%
Current Liabilities		894,296	871,753	22,543	2.59%
Non-current Liabilities		5,382,105	5,000,513	381,592	7.63%
Total Liabilities		6,276,401	 5,872,266	 404,135	6.88%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,550,021	 1,668,467	 (118,446)	(7.10)%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5	826,129	949,518	(123,389)	(12.99)%
Restricted		17,452	22,641	(5,189)	(22.92)%
Unrestricted		(2,687,369)	(3,113,896)	426,527	(13.70)%
Total Net Position	\$	(1,843,788)	\$ (2,141,737)	\$ 297,949	(13.91)%

Total Net Position of the LSCOG, after including the OPEB and Pension liabilities, as of June 30, 2021 is \$(1,843,788). Of total Net Position, \$(2,176,624) is attributable to LSCOG General Fund, \$309,052 LSRDC and \$23,784 to the Regional Information and Assistance Corporation (LSRIAC) Funds. An overall increase in Net Position from inception to June 30, 2021 of \$297,949 was recognized. Of the increase in Net Position, \$287,124 is attributable to LSCOG General Fund, \$18,900 to LSRDC and \$(8,075) to the LSRIAC Fund. Net OPEB and Pension Liabilities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are \$5,176,276 and \$4,803,944 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. These liabilities, in addition to the Deferred Inflows and outflows related to them, are required to be reported in the Government-wide statements by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Without the GASB requirement, Net Position would be \$4,202,912 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and \$3,856,242 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The amounts in the Condensed Statement of Net Position represent the operations of the Council.

CONDENSED CHANGE IN NET POSITION

				Total
				Percentage
	2021	 2020	ifference	Change
Revenues		_		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 10,126,176	\$ 10,908,264	\$ (782,088)	(7.17)%
Grants not restricted	316,773	316,772	1	0.00%
Interest income	4,217	25,890	(21,673)	(83.71)%
Other Income	373,277	242,088	131,189	54.19%
Total Revenues	10,820,443	11,493,014	(672,571)	(5.85)%
Expenses				
Salaries and benefits	2,210,021	2,232,931	(22,910)	(1.03)%
Contractual services	6,512,612	7,042,752	(530,140)	(7.53)%
Other	1,799,861	1,670,574	129,287	7.74%
Total Expenditures	10,522,494	10,946,257	(423,763)	(3.87)%
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	\$ 297,949	\$ 546,757	\$ (248,808)	(45.51)%

From fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021, total revenues decreased by \$(672,571) or (5.85)% and total expenditures decreased \$(423,763) or (3.87)%. This resulted in an increase in Net Position of \$297,949 compared to an increase of \$546,757 in the prior year. The reason for the decrease in interest income is the lower interest rates on accounts due to the state of the economy in the coronavirus pandemic. The increase in other income is the result of CDBG Administrative contracts, other local contracts for services such as comprehensive plans and zoning ordinances, SC Cares funds received from the State of SC, United Way contributions to the Regional Information and Assistance Corporation (LSRIAC) and rental income paid to the Lower Savannah Regional Development Corporation. The decrease of 45.51% between the fiscal years is primarily due to a decrease in federal and state revenues and interest income in the amount of \$(672,571) and a decrease in expenses of \$423,763, primarily contractual services, for a difference of \$(248,808).

Fund Financial Statements

As shown in the fund financial statements, there was a change in fund balances of \$161,940 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Of this change, \$151,115 was attributable to the general fund, \$18,900 to LSRDC and \$(8,075) to the Lower Savannah Regional Information and Assistance Corporation.

Budgetary Highlights and Other Information

The financial statements of the LSCOG were impacted by the Coronavirus pandemic. CARES Act stimulus funds were awarded in the later part of the fourth quarter of the 2019-2020 fiscal year and additional funds were awarded in the 20-21 fiscal year. The chart below shows the funding received and utilized during the past two fiscal years:

CORONAVIRUS/CARES STIMULUS FUNDING

Coı	ronavirus/CARES funding	Years to <u>Use</u>	Grant Amount	Utilized Fiscal Year 19-20	Utilized Fiscal Year 20-21	Remaining Balance
1.	Aging Programs	3	2,036,373	1,027,531	902,543	106,299
2.	Economic Development Administration - EDA	3	400,000	-	85,763	314,237
	Federal Transportation					
3.	Administration - FTA	3	1,544,369	_	436,781	1,107,588
4.	SC Cares	1	34,305	34,305	-	-
	SC Parks, Recreation,					
5.	Tourism	1	50,000	<u> </u>	50,000	<u> </u>
			4,065,047	1,061,836	1,475,087	1,528,124

The funding was for the purposes of:

- 1. Providing Aging Services to seniors
- 2. Providing funds for Economic Response and Recovery related directly to the impacts of the Coronavirus
- Providing Operational Assistance for the Aiken County Transit program
- 4. SC Cares was a grant that reimbursed LSCOG for direct charges spent on COVID relief for cleaning, personal protective equipment and other items related to the pandemic. The funds were spent in fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, but not received until the following year.
- 5. Providing advertising funds to promote tourism in the Thoroughbred Country region

We anticipate that the impact of COVID-19 pandemic will affect the LSCOG region and our budgetary planning for several more years. Additional Grants from CARES Act funds and grants from American Rescue Plan Act are anticipated.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets include the building, improvements to the building, HVAC units, furniture, capital leases and other equipment. From inception of the organization to June 30, 2021, the LSCOG/LSRDC had invested \$2,303,235 in capital assets. This amount represents a net increase for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (including additions and deductions) of \$111,452 or (5.07)% more than last year. This amount

includes additions to capital assets of \$111,452 and deductions of \$0. Of the additions, 73.68% were acquired as a result of federal grant funds being made available for the purchase of those assets. More detailed information about the LSCOG/LSRDC's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2021, the LSCOG/LSRDC had no notes payable. More detailed information about the LSCOG/LSRDC's long-term debt is presented in Notes 5, 6, and 9 to the financial statements.

CONTACTING THE LSCOG'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our board members, local governments, state and federal agencies and other interested entities with a general overview of the LSCOG's finances and to demonstrate the LSCOG's accountability of the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Frances Owens, Finance Director at fowens@lscog.org or PO Box 850, Aiken, South Carolina 29802-0850.

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	1,634,502	
Investments		1,039,104	
Prepaid expenses		55,866	
Restricted cash		17,452	
Receivables			
Due from other governments/contractors		1,729,294	
Capital assets, net		826,819	
Total Assets		5,303,037	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Net deferrals related to pension liability		621,467	
Net deferrals related to OPEB		58,130	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	'	679,597	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		792,124	
Accrued wages and benefits		102,172	
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year		690	
Due in more than one year		205,139	
Net OPEB liability		1,169,770	
Net pension liability		4,006,506	
Total Liabilities		6,276,401	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Net deferrals related to pension liability		402,625	
Net deferrals related to OPEB		367,318	
Grant Funds received in advance - Local Funds		780,078	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,550,021	
NET ASSETS			
Net investment in capital assets		826,129	
Restricted		17,452	
Unrestricted		(2,687,369)	
Total Net Position	\$	(1,843,788)	

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses		Operating Charges Grants and tes for Services Contributions		(Ex	et Revenue penses) and inges in Net Position overmental		
Governmental activities								Activites
Economic development and assistance								
Salaries and benefits	\$	2,210,021	\$	_	\$	2,250,129	\$	40,108
Contractual services		6,512,612		-		6,838,023		325,411
Other		1,799,861		-		1,038,024		(761,837)
Total governmental activities	\$	10,522,494	\$	-	\$	10,126,176		(396,318)
			ral reveni	ues: stricted to				
			ecific pro					316,773
		_	est incom	-				4,217
		Miso	ellaneous	3				373,277
		Total	general r	evenues				694,267
		Chan	ge in net	position				297,949
		Net p	osition, l	oeginning o	f year	r		(2,141,737)
		Net p	osition, e	end of year			\$	(1,843,788)

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

		•	Special Revenue							
		6 1	Grant De		I Dev	Regional Development Corporation		opment Assistance		Total vernmental
ASSETS		General		Sub-funds		orporation	Con	rporation		Funds
Cash	\$	1,312,758	\$	_	\$	309,052	\$	12,692	\$	1,634,502
Investments	•	1,039,104	,	-	•	-	•	-	•	1,039,104
Prepaid expenses		39,185		16,681		-		_		55,866
Due from other funds		233,696		-		-		-		233,696
Restricted cash		-		-		-		17,452		17,452
Receivables										
Due from other governments/contractors		2,724		1,726,570		-		-		1,729,294
Total assets	\$	2,627,467	\$	1,743,251	\$	309,052	\$	30,144	\$	4,709,914
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	, AND	FUND BALAN	NCES							
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	22.960	¢	751 004	¢		\$	6 260	¢	702 124
Accounts payable	Þ	33,860 102,172	\$	751,904	\$	-	Þ	6,360	\$	792,124 102,172
Accrued wages and benefits Due to other funds		102,172		233,696		-		-		233,696
Total liabilities		136,032		985,600		_		6,360		1,127,992
								-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-//
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Grant Funds received in advance - Local Funds		22,427		757,651		-		-		780,078
Total deferred inflows of resources		22,427		757,651				-		780,078
FUND BALANCES										
Non-spendable		39,185		-		-		-		39,185
Restricted		-		-		-		17,452		17,452
Committed		-		-		309,052		6,332		315,384
Unassigned		2,429,823		-		-		-		2,429,823
Total fund balances		2,469,008		-		309,052		23,784		2,801,844
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,627,467	\$	1,743,251	\$	309,052	\$	30,144	\$	4,709,914
Total governmental fund balances									\$	2,801,844
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the of net position are different because of the follow		ent								
Capital assets used in governmental activities are no	ot finan	rial resources								
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmen										
capital assets is \$2,311,150, and the accumulated										826,819
Defermed antiferror and inflamment measurements to the										
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to applicable to future periods and, therefore, are no	•		s.							218,842
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related	to OPEE	S are								
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are no			s.							(309,188)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the	current	period and, th	erefor	e,						
are not reported in the governmental funds.								(4.004.504)		
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability								(4,006,506) (1,169,770)		
Capital lease payable								(1,169,770)		
Compensated absences								(205,139)		(5,382,105)
Not position of governmental activities									¢	(1 9/2 700)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	(1,843,788)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Special Revenue Regional Regional Information & Grant Development Assistance Total General Sub-funds Corporation Corporation Governmental **REVENUES** 9,957,915 Federal and State funds 9,957,915 \$ 12,000 180,261 Local contracts 168,261 Participating local governments 257,911 257,911 State aid 46,862 46,862 7 Interest income 60 4,217 4,150 Other income 33,519 283,449 18,840 37,469 373,277 37,476 Total revenues 354,442 10,409,625 18,900 10,820,443 **EXPENDITURES** Salaries and benefits 574,945 2,469,419 1,894,474 Contractual services 133,459 6,341,882 37,271 6,512,612 Other 438,043 1,230,149 8,280 1,676,472 Total expenditures 1,146,447 9,466,505 45,551 10,658,503 Excess of revenues over (under) 18,900 expenditures (792,005)943,120 (8,075)161,940 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,042,625 377,752 1,420,377 Transfers out (99,505)(1,320,872)(1,420,377)Total other financing sources (uses) 943,120 (943,120)Net change in fund balances 151,115 18,900 (8,075)161,940 Fund balances, beginning of year 2,317,893 290,152 31,859 2,639,904

Fund balances, end of year

2,469,008

\$

\$

309,052

\$

23,784

\$

2,801,844

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 161,940
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because of the following:	
Changes in the Council's net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the Council's pension plan are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the statement of activities	258,794
Changes in the Council's net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the Council's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the statement of activities	13,657
Capital asset additions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation of \$238,634 exceeded capital asset additions of \$111,452 in the period.	(127,182)
Capital leases issued provide current financial resources to governmental funds; however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	3,793
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds - net increase in compensated absences.	(13,053)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 297,949

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNCIL AND REPORTING ENTITY

Organization

The Lower Savannah Council of Governments (the "Council") is a quasi-governmental, not-for-profit corporation exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Council was organized on June 20, 1967 under the provisions of Article 2, Act 487 of the 1967 South Carolina General Assembly, as amended in 1971.

Their purpose is to perform various functions and activities associated with the implementation and administration of the provisions and spirit of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, Public Law 89-136, as promulgated by the 89th Congress of the United States of America, and all subsequently enacted federal and state legislation related thereto.

The Council comprises Aiken, Allendale, Bamberg, Barnwell, Calhoun and Orangeburg counties of South Carolina. The Council is governed by 39 representatives of the various counties and municipalities in the area.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, boards, and offices that are not legally separate from the Council.

Component units are legally separate entities that meet any one of the following criteria: (1) the Council appoints a voting majority of the board of the entity and is able to impose its will on the entity and/or is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the entity, (2) the entity is fiscally dependent upon the Council, or (3) the financial statements would be misleading if data from the entity were not included. Component units may be presented by two different methods. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Council's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Council. The Council has no discretely presented component units. The following blended component units, which have June 30 fiscal year ends, are included in the reporting entity.

The Lower Savannah Regional Development Corporation was incorporated under the laws of the State of South Carolina on August 3, 1982, to further the economic development of the Lower Savannah region and to promote and assist in the growth and development of small business concerns in the region. This Corporation was not organized for pecuniary purposes and upon dissolution, any assets will be distributed to Lower Savannah Council of Governments under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.

The Development Corporation is reported as a blended component unit because the Corporation's board members are also members of the Council's board.

The Lower Savannah Regional Information and Assistance Corporation was incorporated under the laws of the State of South Carolina in 2005 to provide a wide range of information and assistance, and to promote and contribute to ease of access to information about resources which will contribute to improved quality of life for the citizens in the Lower Savannah region. This Corporation was not organized for pecuniary purposes and upon dissolution, any assets will be distributed to Lower Savannah Council of Governments under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.

The Information and Assistance Corporation is reported as a blended component unit because the Corporation's board members are also members of the Council's board.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Council have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Council also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB. The most significant of the Council's accounting policies are described below:

A. Fund Accounting

The Council uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain Council functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Council only has governmental funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental funds assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Council's major governmental funds:

General Fund: The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of South Carolina.

Special Revenue Funds: The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Council's special revenue funds include grant sub-funds, regional development funds, and regional information and assistance fund.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Council as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the Council's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Council. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Council.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Council. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

The Council reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Council's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Grant Sub-funds account for all grant funds received from federal, state and local sources that are legally restricted as to expenditures for specific purposes.

The Regional Development Fund accounts for activities focused on economic development efforts in the Lower Savannah region.

The Regional Information and Assistance Fund accounts for activities which promote and contribute to ease of access to information about resources which will contribute to improved quality of life for the citizens of the Lower Savannah region.

C. Basis of Accounting

The entity's basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions: Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Council, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal yearend.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Council receives value without directly giving equal value in return, includes grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Council must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Council on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources: In addition to assets, the statements of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The Council currently has two types of deferred outflows of resources: (1) the Council reports deferred outflows related to pensions in its statement of net position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and (2) the Council also reports deferred outflows related to OPEB in its statement of net position in connection with its OPEB plan provided to employees. These deferred pension and OPEB charges are either (a) recognized in the subsequent period as a reduction of the net pension/OPEB liabilities or (b) amortized in a systematic and rational method as expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Council currently has one type of deferred inflows of resources: (1) the Council reports *deferred inflows related to pensions* in its statement of net position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System. These *deferred pension inflows* are amortized in a systematic and rational method and recognized as a reduction of pension expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

Expenses/Expenditures: On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

D. Cash and Investments

The Council's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisitions. State statutes authorize the Council to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, municipal bonds, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments are stated at fair value, except that repurchase agreements and the U.S. Government Securities that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are shown at amortized cost.

E. Prepaid Items

Payments that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid expenses.

F. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets that generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Council maintains a capitalization threshold of one-thousand dollars. The Council does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized, and the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land	10 - 20 years
Buildings and Improvements	5 - 40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	3 - 5 years
Computer Equipment and Software	3 - 5 years

G. Inter-fund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term inter-fund loans are classified as "due from or to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

H. Compensated Absences

The Council reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. Employees are granted annual leave in varying amounts as services are provided. They may accumulate, subject to certain limitations, unused annual leave earned and, upon retirement, termination, or death, may be compensated for the authorized unused annual leave earnings accumulated to their credit. The Council records a liability for accumulated, unused annual leave when earned for all employees. Sick leave is non-vesting; therefore, no liability has been recorded for accumulated sick leave.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Net Position/Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Net Position Flow Assumptions: Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions: Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

L. Budgets

Budgets are adopted for the general fund and grant sub-funds on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend.

M. Indirect Cost Allocation Plan

The Council has adopted an indirect cost allocation plan under the provisions of Office of Management and Budget whereby allowable indirect costs are identified and accumulated in an indirect cost pool and distributed to applicable federal, state, and local grant activities and programs based upon direct salaries and fringe benefits.

The actual indirect cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was computed as follows:

<u>Total Indirect Administrative Costs</u> <u>1,053,313</u>

Direct Salaries and Fringe Benefits 1,913,934 = 55.03%

Charged to Grants, Programs & Activities

Prior approval of this allocation plan was not required by the Council's federal cognizant agency. However, in accordance with Office of Management and Budget, this plan is subject to subsequent federal audit or review.

N. Pensions

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 68 entitled *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension Plans* in June 2012 (GASB Statement 68 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2014). The disclosure requirements applicable to employers participating in the South Carolina Retirement System are prescribed in paragraphs 48 through 82 of GASB 68. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Carolina Retirement System and additions to/deductions from the South Carolina Retirement System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the South Carolina Retirement System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The Board implemented this statement effective July 1, 2014.

O. OPEB

The Council implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in the year ended June 30, 2021. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about other postemployment benefits (primarily retiree medical benefits) other than pensions ("OPEB") in external financial reports. The requirements of the Statement aim to provide citizens and other users of the financial statements with a clearer picture of the entity's financial obligations to current and former employers for past services rendered. Previous standards required an employer to recognize a liability for unfunded required contributions to the OPEB plan (called "Net OPEB Obligation"). GASB Statement No. 75 establishes standards for recognizing deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and the "Net OPEB Liability," which is the total OPEB liability less the fiduciary net position of the plan assets. More extensive note disclosures are also required.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Investments

South Carolina statutes authorize the Council to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, general obligations (not revenue obligations) of the State of South Carolina and its subdivisions, savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, certificates of deposit collaterally secured, repurchase agreements secured by the foregoing obligations, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

The State Treasurer's investment pool is a 2a7-like pool which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The pool is included as an investment trust fund of the State of South Carolina Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and is subject to the audit procedures of the State Auditor. The investments in the State Treasurer's investment pool are determined by the pool's share price which is the same as the value of the pool. There were no deposits or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of the state statutes.

As of June 30, 2021, the Council had deposits and investments as follows:

	Go	vernmental	Credit
Maturity		Activities	Quality
Daily	\$	1,651,954	Unrated
Daily		1,039,104	Unrated
	\$	2,691,058	
	Daily	Maturity 5 Daily \$ Daily	Daily \$ 1,651,954 Daily 1,039,104

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Council's deposits may not be returned to it. The Council does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Council's deposits was \$1,651,954. The bank balance was \$1,787,719 and of that, none was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The Council does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The Council has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices other than state law. As of June 30, 2021, the underlying security ratings of the Council's investment in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool may be obtained from the LGIP's complete financial statements. This investment pool does not have a credit quality rating assigned. These financial statements may be obtained by writing to the following address:

The State Treasurer's Office Local Government Investment Pool Post Office Box 11778 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Council places no limit on the amount the Council may invest in any one issuer.

The following schedule reconciles cash and cash equivalents and investments as reported on the statement of net position to the above disclosure provided for deposits and investments.

Statem	ent d	of Net	Posit	ion
Dialem	cm (,,,,,		11/11.

- W.	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,634,502
Investments	1,039,104
Restricted cash	<u>17,452</u>
Total Statement of Net Position	<u>\$ 2,691,058</u>
Deposits and Investments Note:	
Carrying value of deposits	\$ 1,651,954
Investments	1,039,104
Total Deposits and Investments Note	<u>\$ 2,691,058</u>

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

		Balance	A	Additions/	Deductions/	Balance
	<u>Jı</u>	ine 30, 2020		<u>Transfers</u>	Transfers	June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities						
Land	\$	5,500	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,500
Construction in Progress				4,500		4,500
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciate	d	5,500		4,500		10,000
		075 4 40		406050		4 000 004
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		975,142		106,952	-	1,082,094
Buildings and improvements		1,219,056				<u>1,219,056</u>
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		2,194,198		106,952		2,301,150
Less: Accumulated Depreciation						
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		(517,547)		(189,016)	-	(706,563)
Buildings and improvements		(728,150)		(49,618)		(777,768)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(1,245,697)		(238,634)		(1,484,331)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, N	et _	948,501		(131,682)		816,819
Governmental Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	\$	954,001	\$	(127,182)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 826,819</u>

Depreciation expense of \$238,634 was charged to governmental other function category.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Compensated absences as of June 30, 2021 totaled \$205,139. Net increases to compensated absences during the year were \$13,053. Accrued compensated absences are reflected in long-term liabilities due in more than one year on the statement of net position.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

	mpensated Absences	ital Lease ligations	 Total
Payable at July 1, 2020 Amounts incurred Amounts retired	\$ 192,086 13,053	\$ 4,483 - (3,793)	\$ 196,569 13,053 (3,793)
Payable at June 30, 2021	\$ 205,139	\$ 690	\$ 205,829
Amounts due within one year	\$ _	\$ 690	\$ 690

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL LEASES

The Council has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing one piece of equipment. This agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The cost of assets acquired under capital lease was \$7,915, with a book value at June 30, 2021 of \$0.

The Council also leases certain office equipment with an initial term of one year or more; these leases contain provisions to cancel should funding be lost.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under these leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year Ending	Capital Lease	Operating Lease	
June 30,	Payments	Payments	
2022	\$ 697	\$ -	
Total Minimum Lease Payments	697	-	
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(7)		
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 690	\$ -	

NOTE 7 - PASS THROUGH FUNDS

Pass through funds totaled \$5,767,318 for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Lower Savannah Council of Governments, as an Area Agency on Aging, contracted with the South Carolina Department of Aging (SCDOA) to receive federal and state funds and contracts with various subcontractors within its area as recipients for these funds. \$3,230,000 was recognized as revenue and expenditures during the fiscal year.

The Council contracted with the South Carolina Department of Employment and Workforce to receive federal Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act (WIOA) Grants and contracted with various subcontractors within its area as recipients for these funds. \$2,011,513 was recognized as revenue and expenditures during the fiscal year.

The Council contracted with the federal and state Departments of Transportation to receive federal and state funds. \$470,717 was recognized as revenue and expenditures of federal and state funds during the fiscal year. In addition, the Council also contracts with local agencies and receives fares to expand and match transportation services in the amount of \$55,088.

The Lower Savannah Council of Governments requires its subcontractors to have an annual audit performed in accordance with the provisions of OMB 2CFR Part 200 as appropriate, by an independent certified public accountant. These audit reports are reviewed for agreement with the Council's report as well as compliance with the appropriate federal regulations.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), which was created July 1, 2012 and governed by an 11-member Board, is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the various Retirement Systems and retirement programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the S.C. Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs. As such, PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' five defined benefit pension plans. The Retirement Funding and Administration Act of 2017, which became effective July 1, 2017, increased the employer and employee contribution rates, established a ceiling on the SCRS and PORS employee contribution rates, lowered the assumed rate of return, required a scheduled reduction of the funding periods, and addressed various governance issues including the assignment of the PEBA Board as custodian of the retirement trust funds and assignment of the RSIC and PEBA as co-trustees of the assets of the retirement trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority (SFAA), consists of five elected officials, also review certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the actuary of the Systems.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions

- The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating local subdivision of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general elections.
- The State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP) is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to SCRS to certain newly hired employees of state agencies, institutions of higher education, public school districts and individuals first elected to the General Assembly at or after the general election in November 2012. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into an account administered by one of four third party service providers. For this reason, State ORP assets are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes.
- The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer
 defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of
 Sections 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and
 other benefits for police officers and firemen. PORS also covers peace officers, coroners, probate
 judges and magistrates.

In addition to the plans described above, PEBA also administers three single-employer defined benefit pension plans, which are not covered in this report. They are the Retirement System for Members of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina (GARS), the Retirement System for Judges and Solicitors of the State of South Carolina (JSRS), and the South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan (SCNG).

Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

SCRS – Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and
contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and
teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with
the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date

of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

- State ORP As an alternative to membership in SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals newly elected to the S.C. General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State ORP. Contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employer to the member's account with the ORP service provider for the employee contribution and a portion of the employer contribution (5 percent). A direct remittance is also required to SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution and an incidental death benefit contribution, if applicable, which is retained by SCRS.
- PORS To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state, to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner or in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of the benefit terms for the system is presented below.

• SCRS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's credible service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire

under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

• PORS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Contributions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS and PORS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statute. Legislation in 2017 increased, but also established a ceiling for SCRS and PORS employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00 percent for SCRS and 9.75 percent for PORS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates beginning July 1, 2017 for both SCRS and PORS by two percentage points and further scheduled employer contribution rates to increase by a minimum of one percentage point each year in accordance with state statute. However, the General Assembly postponed the one percent increase in the SCRS and PORS employer contribution rates that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020. If the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, the board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The maximum funding period of SCRS and PORS is scheduled to be reduced over a ten-year schedule from 30 years beginning fiscal year 2018 to 20 years by fiscal year 2028.

Additionally, the Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS and PORS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least 85 percent. If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85 percent, then the board, effective on the following July 1, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85 percent. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than 85 percent, then effective on the following July 1, and annually thereafter as necessary,

the board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 85 percent.

Required employee contribution rates¹ for fiscal years 2020 and 2021 are as follows:

SCRS	
Employee Class Two	9.00%
Employee Class Three	9.00%
State ORP	
Employee	9.00%
PORS	
Employee Class Two	9.75%
Employee Class Three	9.75%

¹Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

Required <u>employer</u> contribution rates¹ for fiscal years 2020 and 2021 are as follows:

SCRS	
Employee Class Two	15.41%
Employee Class Three	15.41%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%
State ORP	
Employee ²	15.41%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%
PORS	
Employee Class Two	17.84%
Employee Class Three	17.84%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.20%
Employer Accidental Death Program	0.20%

- (1) Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.
- (2) Of this employer contribution, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP service provider to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least one in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued as of June 30, 2019 for the first use in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The June 30, 2019, total pension liability (TPL), net pension liability (NPL), and sensitive information shown in this report were determined by our consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company (GRS) and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2020, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2020:

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return ¹	7.25%	7.25%
Projected salary increases	3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service) ¹	3.5% to 9.5% (varies by service) ¹
Benefit adjustments	Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually
¹ Includes inflation at 2.25%		

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumption, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2016 PRSC), was developed using the Systems; mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

Assumptions used in the determination of the June 30, 2020, TPL are as follows.

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 92%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by
Educators		98%
General Employees and Members	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by
of the General Assembly	100%	111%
Public Cafety and Finalishtons	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by
Public Safety and Firefighters	125%	111%

Net Pension Liability

The NPL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's TPL determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2020, for SCRS and PORS are presented below:

	Total	Plan	Employers'	Plan Fiduciary Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Net Position	Position as a Percentage of
System	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)	the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 51,844,187,763	\$ 26,292,418,682	\$ 25,551,769,081	50.7%
PORS	\$ 8,046,386,629	\$ 4,730,174,642	\$ 3,316,211,987	58.8%

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the <u>Systems' financial statements</u>. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rate of return represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach, primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the revised target asset allocation adopted beginning at the beginning of the 2020 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table on the next page. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 5.00 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

A cost Class	Target Asset	Expected Arithmetic Real	Long-term Expected Portfolio Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	of Return
Global Equity	51.0%		
Global public equity	35.0%	7.81%	2.73%
Private equity	9.0%	8.91%	0.80%
Equity option strategies	7.0%	5.09%	0.36%
Real Assets	12.0%		
Real estate (private)	8.0%	5.55%	0.44%
Commodities (REITs)	1.0%	7.78%	0.08%
Infrastructure (Private)	2.0%	4.88%	0.10%
Infrastructue (Public)	1.0%	7.05%	0.07%
Opportunistic	8.0%		
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	7.0%	3.56%	0.25%
Other opportunistic strategies	1.0%	4.41%	0.04%
Credit	15.0%		
High yield Bonds/Bank Loans	4.0%	4.21%	0.17%
Emerging markets debt	4.0%	3.44%	0.14%
Private debt	7.0%	5.79%	0.40%
Rate Sensitive	14.0%		
Core fixed income	13.0%	1.60%	0.21%
Cash and short duration (net)	1.0%	56.00%	0.01%
Total expected real return	100.0%		5.80%
Inflation for actuarial purposes			2.25%
Total expected nominal return			8.05%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Council reported a liability of \$4,006,506 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Council's portion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Council's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Council recognized pension expense of \$16,822. At June 30, 2021, the Council reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	46,230	\$	15,150
Changes of assumptions		4,909		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		294,712		-
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between Council contributions and proportionate share of total employer plan contributions		-		387,475
Council contributions subsequent to the measurement				,
date		275,616		-
Total	\$	621,467	\$	402,625

\$(275,616) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Council contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

The following schedule reflects the amortization of the net balance of remaining deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources at the measurement date. Average remaining service lives of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plan at the measurement date was 3.984 years for SCRS.

Measurement Period	
Ending June 30,	
2021	\$ (14,251)
2022	(14,251)
2023	(14,251)
2024	(14,021)
Net Balance of Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources	\$ (56,774)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the collective NPL of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the employers' NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.25 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	1.00% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.00% Increase
System	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
SCRS	\$ 4,965,573	\$ 4,006,506	\$ 3,205,674

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. The CAFR of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at www.retirement.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

Payable to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2021, the Council did not have any outstanding payables due to the pension plans for its legally required contributions.

In addition, the Council employees may participate in a 403(b) and /or 401(k) deferred compensation plan and/or a Section 457 plan available to state and local governmental employees through the state public employee-retirement system. These programs are administered by a state approved non-governmental third party. There are no employer contributions made by the Council to these plans.

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description, Contribution Information, and Funding Policies

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Council provides certain post-employment health care benefits for retired employees. The Council sponsors a single-employer defined benefit health care plan (the "Plan") that provides post-employment medical, prescription drug, and dental benefits for employees. During the year ended June 30, 2009, the Council joined the South Carolina Other Retirement Benefits Employer Trust (SC ORBET), an agent multiple-employer investment plan administered by the Municipal Association of South Carolina. SC ORBET issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. A copy of the report may be obtained through the Chief Financial Officer for Risk Management Services, Municipal Association of SC, Post Office Box 12109, Columbia, SC 29211. The coverage is optional and not all retirees participate. Council's employees hired prior to April 1, 2009 may become eligible for those benefits if they attain age sixty-five (65) while working for the Council or retire with a minimum of 20 years of service.

The amount of the Council's portion of the health insurance premium is based on the length of the employee's service as follows:

Years of Service	Council's Portion of Premium
Age 65 & 20 years	
Retiree	100%
Retiree's spouse	60%

Council's employees hired after April 1, 2009 may become eligible for those benefits if they attain age sixty-five (65) while working for the Council and retire with a minimum of 28 years of service. The amount of the Council's portion of the health insurance premium is based on the length of the employee's service as follows:

Years of Service	Council's Portion of Premium
Age 65 & 28 years	
Retiree	100%
Retiree's spouse	0%

The full cost of any other elected health insurance coverage by the eligible employee, such as dependent coverage, is paid 100% by the eligible employee.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Council are established and may be amended by the Council. Plan members are not required to contribute to the Plan. The Council is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current employer contribution rate is 6.48% of the annual covered payroll.

Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the plan. Employees who terminate employment are not eligible for retiree health care benefits. Survivors of employees who die while actively employed are not eligible for COG participation for retiree health benefits.

Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible. Retiree pays full Medicare premiums. The Council's coverage continues when retiree becomes eligible for Medicare. Once actively retired, the Council's insurance becomes secondary. Employees and spouses retiring with retiree health care benefits are eligible for the Council's dental benefits.

Membership of the Plan is as follows:

Retirees, Survivors and beneficiaries receiving benefits	7
Active Members	32
Total	<u>39</u>

Total OPEB Liability: In previous years, the Council has reported a net OPEB obligation (liability) consisting of the difference between the annual required contribution into the Plan and the actual contributions made by the Council. New reporting standards (GASB 75) require employers to determine

the total OPEB liability using the entry age normal actuarial funding method and to report a net OPEB liability consisting of the difference between the total OPEB liability and the plan's fiduciary net position.

The TOL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.25%
-----------	-------

Real wage growth

SCRS 0.75%

Wage inflation

SCRS 3.00%

Salary increases, including wage inflation

SCRS 3.00%-7.00%

Long-term investment rate of retun, net of OPEB

plan investment expense, including price inflation 4.75%

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Prior measurment date 2.74% Measurement date 2.12%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Prior measurment date N/A
Measurement date N/A

Single equivalent interest rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation

Prior measurement date 4.75%

Measurment date 4.75%

Health Care Cost Rates

Pre-Medicare 7.25% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 4.75% by 2029

Medicare 5.38% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 4.75% by 2023

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based upon the long-term expected rate of return.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table for Employees with a 95% multiplier to better reflect anticipated experience and provide a margin for future improvements.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the result of an actuarial experience study adopted by SCRS and PORS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience concurrently with the December 31, 2018 valuation.

Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant may cover a shorter investment horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding OPEB plans which are likely to cover a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term rate of return by the Plan, the target asset allocation for each major asset class, as provided by the Plan, are summarized in the following table:

		Expected Arithmetic
Asset Class	Policy Target	Real Rate of Return
US Government Agency	57.50%	4.50%
US Govt MBS/CMO/CMBS	40.00%	5.25%
Cash and Short Duration	2.5	2.50%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In accepting the long-term expected return for the Plan, the actuary performed a high-level review of the information provided by the Plan. Our review indicates the long-term expected rate of return assumption of 4.75% is reasonable.

Discount Rate (SEIR): The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 4.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2018. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present
on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase
annually using the payroll growth assumptions.

- In all future years, the employer continues to contribute the full ADEC through deposit to the Trust and direct payment of benefits to plan members as the benefits come due. The employer is assumed to have the ability and willingness to make contributions to the Trust and benefit payments from its own resources for all periods in the projection.
- Projected assets do not include employer contributions that fund the estimated service costs of future employees.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Plan's FNP was projected to not be depleted.

The FNP projections are based upon the Plan's financial status on the Valuation Date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB 74. As such, the FNP projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing plan basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of this test do not necessarily indicate whether or not the fund will actually run out of money, the financial condition of the Plan, or the Plan's ability to make benefit payments in future years.

The following exhibit presents the NOL of the Plan, calculated using current health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Plan's NOL would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rates:

Health Care Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity

	1%		1%
	Decrease	Current	Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 710,132	\$1,169,770	\$ 1,749,786

This paragraph requires disclosure of the sensitivity of the NOL to changes in the discount rate. The following exhibits present the NOL of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 4.75%, as well as what the Plan's NOL would be if it were calculated using a Discount Rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

	1%		1%	
	Decrease	Current	Increase	
	(3.75%)	(4.75%)	(5.75%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,649,372	\$1,169,770	\$ 781,977	

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Plan Net Liability Position (a) (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)		
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	2,778,853	\$ 1,622,008	\$	1,156,845
Changes for the year:					
Service cost at the end of the year*		55,026	-		55,026
Interest on TOL and cash flows		130,545	-		130,545
Difference between expected and actual experience		(3,267)	-		(3,267)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		_	-		-
Contributions - employer		_	<i>77,</i> 792		(77,792)
Net investment income		_	92,587		(92,587)
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit**		(61,808)	(61,808)		-
Plan administrative expenses***			 (1,000)		1,000
Net Changes		120,496	 107,571		12,925
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$	2,899,349	\$ 1,729,579	\$	1,169,770

The TOL is based upon an actuarial valuation performed as of the Valuation Date, December 31, 2018. An expected TOL is determined as of December 31, 2020, the Measurement Date, using standard roll forward techniques. The roll forward calculation begins with he TOL, as of the Prior Measurement Date, December 31, 2019, subtracts the expected benefit payments for the year, applies interest at the Discount Rate for the year, and then adds the annual Normal Cost (also called the Service Cost).

Information regarding changes in benefit terms and changes to assumptions or other outputs should be noted. The following changes have been made since ethe prior measurement date:

Changes to benefit terms:

None

Changes to assumptions or other inputs:

o None

Since certain expense items are recognized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts will increase OPEB Expense they are labeled Deferred Outflows of Resources. If they serve to reduce OPEB Expense they are labeled Deferred Inflows of

^{*} The service cost includes interest for the year

^{**} Benefit payments are net of participant contributions and include a payment of \$6,500 for the implicit subsidy. Benefit payments include \$55,308 paid outside the trust.

^{***} Administrative expenses are based on the fees paid from the plan's trust.

Resources. The recognition of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs, if any, are recognized over the average expected remaining service lives of the active and inactive Plan members at the beginning of the measurement period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources:

The following table provides a summary of the Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources as of December 31, 2020:

		Outflows sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	13,097	\$ 367,318		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		10,446	-		
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on plan investments		8,008	-		
Benefit payments and administrative costs made					
subsequent to the measurement date	-	26,579	 		
Total	\$	58,130	\$ 367,318		

\$26,579 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Schedule of the Recognition of Deferred (Inflows)/Outflows or Resources in OPEV Expense:

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of resources and deferred Inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended	
June 30,	
2021	\$ (51,5
2022	(56,5
2023	(65,5
2024	(64,5)
2025	(62,6
Thereafter	 (34,9
Total	\$ (335,7

Investment Earnings (Gain) Loss

Expected asset return rate		4.75%
Beginning of year market value of assets	\$	1,622,008
End of year market value of assets		1,729,579
Expected return on beginning assets for plan year		77,045
External cash flow (mid-year payments assumed):		
Contributions-employer		77,792
Contributions-active member		-
Refunds of contributions		-
Benefit payments		(61,808)
Administrative expenses*		(1,000)
Other		
Total external cash flow		14,984
Expected return on external cash flow		352
Projected earnings for plan year		77,397
Net investment income		92,587
Investment earnings (gain) loss		(15,190)

^{*} Administrative expenses are based on the fees paid from the plan's trust.

The calculation of the OE for the year ended June 30, 2021 is shown in the following table:

OPEB Expense For Year Ending June 30, 2021

Service cost at end of year*	\$ 55,026
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability and cash flow	130,545
Current-period benefit changes	-
Expensed portion of current-period difference between expected and actual experience in the Total OPEB Liability	(433)
Expensed portion of current-period changes of assumptions or other inputs	-
Active member contributions	-
Projected earnings on plan investments	(77,397)
Expensed portion of current-period differences between actual and projected earnings on plan investments	(3,038)
Administrative costs**	1,000
Other	-
Recognition of beginning deferred outflows of resources as OPEB	
expense	18,632
Recognition of beginning deferred inflows of resources as OPEB	(66,726)
OPEB Expense	\$ 57,609

- * The service cost includes interest for the year.
- ** Administrative costs are based on the actuarial fees paid from the plan's trust.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council has elected to provide a surety bond to the South Carolina Employment Security Commission in lieu of unemployment tax contributions. This bond ensures that the Council can provide for payment of the actual unemployment benefits payable to claimants under the South Carolina Employment Compensation Law. No separate liability for unemployment claims have been established due to the insignificant amounts of expenditures.

The Council continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES

The Council must apply for annual renewal of contracts and grants. Funding is subject to both increases and reductions at the discretion of the contractors, and some agreements also call for termination by either party contingent upon certain conditions. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Council expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. From time to time the Council is a party to litigation, either as a plaintiff or as a defendant, arising from normal operations. No material losses are anticipated in connection with legal matters at June 30, 2021.

NOTE 12 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS/CONTRACTORS

Balances at year end relate to either drawdowns prior to or after meeting all eligibility requirements.

NOTE 13 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The balances of inter-fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Grant Sub-funds	\$ 233,696
		\$ 233,696

Operating transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	T	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
General Fund	\$	1,042,625	\$	377,752
Grant Sub-funds		(99,505)		(1,320,872)
Total	\$	943,120	\$	(943,120)

NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCE

Amounts for specific purposes by Fund and Fund Balance classifications for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	General Fund	Deve	Regional Plopment Funds	_	al Information sistance Corp.	Total
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	\$ 39,185	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 39,185
Restricted for						
Human services	-		-		17,452	17,452
Committed to						
Economic development	-		309,052		-	309,052
Human services	-		-		6,332	6,332
Unassigned	2,429,823		-		-	2,429,823
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,469,008	\$	309,052	\$	23,784	\$ 2,801,844

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Council evaluates the effects subsequent events would have on the financial statements through the date of the Auditor's Report, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND AND GRANT SUB-FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Amended & Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				(0.111111111111)
Federal and State funds				
Workforce development	\$ 1,925,833	\$ 1,704,379	\$ 1,551,988	\$ (152,391)
SCDEW - MOU	85,000	179,000	163,376	(15,624)
State tourism	419,939	421,460	380,469	(40,991)
SC Department on Aging	1,758,554	1,704,038	1,495,743	(208,295)
CDBG Planning Grant	50,000	50,000	50,000	-
EDA Planning Assistance Grant	70,000	144,370	140,329	(4,041)
FEMA admin	39,104	35,143	26,007	(9,136)
SCDOT	202,100	232,200	200,000	(32,200)
Federal Transportation Administration	340,534	287,703	283,171	(4,532)
HOME - Housing & Urban Development	144,946	124,733	117,976	(6,757)
State Aid to Councils of Government	46,862	46,862	46,862	-
Total federal and state funds	5,082,872	4,929,888	4,455,921	(473,967)
Participating local governments	257,912	257,912	257,911	(1)
Other sources:				
CDBG contracts	60,239	72,270	50,535	(21,735)
Other local contracts	219,069	168,941	129,726	(39,215)
Other Grants	60,000	68,398	63,985	(4,413)
Interest income	25,000	4,700	4,150	(550)
Other income	-	39,761	34,521	(5,240)
Total other sources	364,308	354,070	282,917	(71,153)
Total revenues	5,705,092	5,541,870	4,996,749	(545,121)
EXPENDITURES				
Salaries	1,915,000	1,907,000	1,789,591	117,409
Fringe benefits	833,025	747,133	679,828	67,305
Advertising	149,350	198,350	187,752	10,598
Automobile expenses	87,400	62,450	58,355	4,095
Bank fees	300	1,400	918	482
Building maintenance	112,219	113,849	54,390	59,459
Caregiver/respite services	610,850	610,850	591,534	19,316
Contract staff	49,148	13,100	7,599	5,501
Contractual	902,520	793,405	708,020	85,385
Equipment lease/rental	34,870	25,313	23,564	1,749
Equipment lease interest	93	93	93	-
Insurance and bonds	41,888	46,790	45,229	1,561
Insurance - retirees	68,000	57,000	55,812	1,188
Internet/data	-	58,340	53,300	5,040
Meeting expenses	30,257	7,085	7,012	73
Meeting registrations - board	8,225	8,235	8,235	-
Meeting registrations - staff	25,728	8,482	8,459	23
Office rent	110,840	134,691	134,094	597
Office supplies	23,817	25,817	10,532	15,285
Other supplies	28,650	80,999	64,250	16,749
Postage and shipping	20,725	17,823	13,071	4,752

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND AND GRANT SUB-FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Ame	nded & Final Budget	 Actual	avorable (favorable)
EXPENDITURES, (continued)					
Printing and photography	\$ 33,700	\$	29,285	\$ 20,651	\$ 8,634
Professional fees	32,175		30,675	26,306	4,369
Property and equipment purchase	375,000		227,500	137,754	89,746
Repair & maintenance - equipment	22,240		27,950	24,424	3,526
Subscriptions, dues, & publications	37,009		72,501	68,734	3,767
Telecommunications	103,250		44,910	34,903	10,007
Travel - board	34,769		2,980	2,960	20
Travel - staff	50,308		6,400	4,181	2,219
Utilities	25,315		25,315	18,383	6,932
WIOA office supplies	4,500		3,000	2,867	133
Miscellaneous	 1,500		1,500	2,833	 (1,333)
Total operating expenditures	 5,772,671		5,390,221	 4,845,634	544,587
Excess of operating revenues					
over operating expenditures	 (67,579)		151,649	 151,115	 (534)
Revenues contract pass-through:					
Workforce development	1,965,000		2,442,626	2,011,513	(431,113)
Department of Aging	2,868,902		3,977,399	3,230,000	(747,399)
SC Department of Transportation	80,002		-	-	-
Federal Transportation Administration	321,640		478,800	470,717	(8,083)
Local funds for transportation	64,158		-	-	-
Other grants for transportation	22,200		18,200	18,617	417
Fares for transportation	42,000		42,000	36,471	(5,529)
Total revenues contract pass-through	 5,363,902		6,959,025	5,767,318	(1,191,707)
Expenditures contract pass-through:					
Workforce development	1,965,000		2,442,626	2,011,513	(431,113)
Department of Aging	2,868,902		3,977,399	3,230,000	(747,399)
SC Department of Transportation	80,002		-	-	-
Federal Transportation Administration	321,640		478,800	470,717	(8,083)
Local funds for transportation	128,358		60,200	55,088	(5,112)
Total expenditures contract pass-through	5,363,902		6,959,025	5,767,318	(1,191,707)
Net change in fund balances	(67,579)		151,649	151,115	(534)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 2,317,893		2,317,893	 2,317,893	 -
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,250,314	\$	2,469,542	\$ 2,469,008	\$ (534)

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNCIL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (SCRS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	JUNE 30,									
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.015680%	0.015972%	0.016532%	0.021487%	0.024349%	0.023951%	0.023882%	NA*	NA*	NA*
Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,006,506	\$ 3,647,099	\$ 3,704,400	\$ 4,837,069	\$ 5,200,910	\$ 4,542,423	\$ 4,111,689	NA*	NA*	NA*
Council's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,749,312	\$ 1,686,613	\$ 1,713,223	\$ 2,167,990	\$ 2,357,873	\$ 2,245,725	\$ 2,399,820	NA*	NA*	NA*
Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	229.03%	216.24%	216.22%	223.11%	220.58%	202.27%	171.33%	NA*	NA*	NA*
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	50.70%	54.40%	54.10%	53.30%	52.90%	57.00%	59.90%	NA*	NA*	NA*

NA* - Not Available

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL'S CONTRIBUTIONS (SCRS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

								JUNE 30,							
		2021	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015		2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	275,616	\$ 269,569	\$ 243,041	\$	229,743	\$	247,368	\$	257,008	\$	244,784	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		275,616	 269,569	 243,041		229,743		247,368		257,008		244,784	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Council's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,788,554	\$ 1,749,312	\$ 1,686,613	\$	1,713,223	\$	2,167,990	\$	2,357,873	\$	2,399,820	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Pay	,	15.41%	15.41%	14.41%		13.41%		11.41%		10.90%		11.44%	NA*	NA*	NA*

NA* - Not Available

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE PAST 4 FISCAL YEARS

JUNE 30, 2020 2019 2018 2017 **Total OPEB Liability** \$ 55,026 \$ 71,092 \$ \$ 67,011 Service cost at end of year 69,021 Interest on the Total OPEB Liability 130,545 146,200 138,738 131,430 Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience (3,267)(496,066)12,608 10,126 Changes of assumptions or other inputs 14,218 (61,808)(58,518)(50,994)Benefit payments (68,170)Net change in Total OPEB Liability \$ 120,496 161,849 157,573 (332,726)Total OPEB Liability - beginning 2,778,853 3,111,579 2,949,730 2,792,157 Total OPEB Liability - ending 2,899,349 2,778,853 3,111,579 2,949,730 **Plan Fiduciary Net Position** 179,766 Contributions - employer \$ 77,792 \$ 146,736 \$ \$ 142,377 Contributions - non-employer Contributions - active member 92,587 76,287 34,897 Net investment income 20,880 Benefit payments (61,808)(68,170)(58,518)(50,994)(1,000)Administrative expense (3,279)(14,269)Net change in plan fiduciary net \$ 107,571 \$ 151,574 \$ 142,128 \$ 112,011 Plan fiduciary net position - beginning \$ 1,622,008.00 \$ 1,470,434.00 \$ 1,328,306.00 \$ 1,216,295.00 \$ Plan fiduciary net position - ending 1,729,579.00 \$ \$ 1,328,306.00 1,622,008.00 1,470,434.00 Net OPEB Liability - ending \$ 1,169,770.00 1,156,845.00 1,641,145.00 \$ 1,621,424.00

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE PAST 4 FISCAL YEARS

JUNE 30,

		,		
	 2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,899,349	\$ 2,778,853	\$ 3,111,579	\$ 2,949,730
Plan fiduciary net position	 1,729,579	 1,622,008	 1,470,434	 1,328,306
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,169,770	\$ 1,156,845	\$ 1,641,145	\$ 1,621,424
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB Liability	59.65%	58.37%	47.26%	45.03%
Covered Payroll*	\$ 1,599,629	\$ 1,599,629	\$ 1,823,569	\$ 1,823,569
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	73.13%	72.32%	90.00%	88.91%

^{*}For years following the valuation date (when no new valuation is performed), covered payroll has been set equal to the covered payroll from the most recent valuation.

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE PAST 4 FISCAL YEARS

		JUN	E 30,		
	 2020	2019		2018	2017
Actuarial Determined Employer	 				
Contribution (ADEC)	\$ 123,733	\$ 140,116	\$	155,980	\$ 153,042
Contributions in relation to the					
ADEC	\$ 77,792	\$ 146,736	\$	179,766	\$ 142,377
Annual contribution deficiency					
(excess)	\$ 45,941	\$ (6,620)	\$	(23,786)	\$ 10,665
Covered payroll*	\$ 1,599,629	\$ 1,599,629	\$	1,823,569	\$ 1,823,569
Actual contributions as a					
percentage of covered					
payroll	4.86%	9.17%		9.86%	7.81%

^{*}For years following the valuation date (when no new valuation is performed), covered payroll has been set equal to the covered payroll from the most recent valuation.

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date	 uarial Value f Assets (a)	Lia Pr	uarial Accrued bility (AAL) - ojected Unit Credit (b)	 funded AAL JAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
7/1/2008	\$ -	\$	1,702,000	\$ 1,702,000	0.00%	\$ 1,783,000	95.46%
7/1/2009	30,000		1,316,300	1,286,300	2.28%	2,039,000	63.08%
7/1/2011	566,155		1,386,570	820,415	40.83%	2,653,245	30.92%
7/1/2013	864,592		1,853,094	988,502	46.66%	2,236,053	44.21%
7/1/2015	1,158,838		2,096,008	937,170	55.29%	2,301,629	40.72%
1/1/2017	1,311,514		2,786,354	1,474,840	47.07%	1,823,569	80.88%
1/1/2019	1,559,215		2,655,970	1,096,755	58.71%	1,599,629	68.56%
1/1/2021	1,737,490		2,487,053	749,563	69.86%	1,762,261	42.53%

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	WIOA Adult 19A008	WIOA DW 19DW008	WIOA Youth 19Y008	WIOA Adult 20A008	WIOA DW 20DW008	WIOA Youth 20Y008
REVENUES						
Federal and State funds	\$ 230,848	\$ 327,484	\$ 377,775	\$ 820,164	\$ 864,231	\$ 682,867
Local contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other income	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-kind revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	230,848	327,484	377,775	820,164	864,231	682,867
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries	25,042	47,236	57,188	113,186	86,372	62,509
Fringe benefits	7,117	16,987	20,360	45,012	33,365	24,781
Advertising	1,211	2,408	2,830	20,455	19,257	34,805
Automobile expenses	555	556	1,108	2,746	2,746	2,194
Bank fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building maintenance	-	-	-	-	_	-
Bus repair/maint/insurance	_	-	-	-	-	-
Caregiver/respite services	_	-	-	-	-	-
Contract Staff	-	-	-	-	25	-
Contractual	159,792	196,154	211,869	505,370	619,400	480,741
Equipment lease/rental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment lease interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain/loss on equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-kind expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance and bonds	4,597	4,597	4,597	(828)	(829)	(829)
Internet/Data	69	130	364	400	360	480
Meeting expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meeting registrations - board	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meeting registrations - staff	-	31	33	67	35	33
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office rent	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office supplies	-	-	-	30	30	30
Other supplies	5	5	5	24	23	958
Postage and shipping	-	-	-	49	49	49
Printing and photography	51	52	52	29	29	29
Professional fees	-	-	-	230	230	231
Property & equipment purchase	-	-	-	1,296	1,296	5,593
Repair & maintenance - equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subscriptions, dues, & publications	157		205	-	-	-
Telecommunications	157	246	395	646	547	398
Travel - board Travel - staff		-	-	(200)	-	-
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	
WIA office supplies						
Total Expenditures	198,596	268,402	298,801	688,512	762,935	612,002
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	32,252	59,082	78,974	131,652	101,296	70,865
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers out	(32,252)	(59,082)	(78,974)	(131,652)	(101,296)	(70,865)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(32,252)	(59,082)	(78,974)	(131,652)	(101,296)	(70,865)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	WIOA Cont. Imp 20CIG08	WIOA Incumbent Worker 20IWT08	WIOA Adult 20SRA08	WIOA Youth Work Exp. 20YWEP008	WIOA Security Grant 20SEC08	SC Works Center Ops Allocated
REVENUES						
Federal and State funds	\$ 83,715	\$ 5,000	\$ 90,180	\$ 31,561	\$ 49,677	\$ -
Local contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other income	-	-	-	-	-	163,376
In-kind revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	83,715	5,000	90,180	31,561	49,677	163,376
			<u> </u>			
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries	-	2,327	-	2,780	-	-
Fringe benefits	-	910	-	1,048	-	-
Advertising	11,937	-	-	-	-	-
Automobile expenses	-	-	-	-	-	517
Bank fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building maintenance	5,736	-	-	-	-	5,618
Bus repair/maint/insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caregiver/respite services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract Staff	-	-	-	-	-	75
Contractual	25,000	-	90,180	25,626	49,677	158,932
Equipment lease/rental	-	-	-	-	-	4,018
Equipment lease interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain/loss on equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-kind expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance and bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internet/Data	-	-	-	-	-	32,408
Meeting expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meeting registrations - board	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meeting registrations - staff	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office rent	-	-	-	-	-	115,254
Office supplies	-	-	-	-	-	(25)
Other supplies	25,241	-	-	-	-	8,033
Postage and shipping	-	-	-	-	-	-
Printing and photography	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property & equipment purchase	15,801	-	-	-	-	-
Repair & maintenance - equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subscriptions, dues, & publications	-	-	-	-	-	-
Telecommunications	-	-	-	-	-	11,011
Travel - board	-	-	-	-	-	-
Travel - staff	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	2,053
WIA office supplies	_	=	_	_	_	2,867
Total Expenditures	83,715	3,237	90,180	29,454	49,677	340,761
1						
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	-	1,763	-	2,107	-	(177,385)
•	-				-	
Transfers in	-	-	_	_	-	177,385
Transfers out	-	(1,763)	-	(2,107)	-	-
		(,)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,763)		(2,107)		177,385
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Tet change in rand balances	Ψ -					

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

GRANT SUB-FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	HS Aging ADRC HDM III-C2 COVID	Plan	HS Aging ning & Adm. -C2 COVID	Plann	S Aging iing & Adm. B COVID	Home	S Aging Del. Meals C2 COVID	Sup	S Aging port Svcs. II-C2 COVID
REVENUES		_		-				-	
Federal and State funds	\$ 50,000	\$	19,582	\$	13,522	\$	230,272	\$	285,543
Local contracts	-		-		-		-		-
Other income	-		-		-		-		-
In-kind revenue	-		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues	50,000)	19,582	-	13,522		230,272		285,543
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
EXPENDITURES									
Salaries	-		11,688		8,071		_		-
Fringe benefits	-		4,406		3,042		_		-
Advertising	-		-		-		-		-
Automobile expenses	-		-		_		_		-
Bank fees	-		-		_		_		-
Building maintenance	-		-		_		_		-
Bus repair/maint/insurance	-		-		_		_		-
Caregiver/respite services	-		_		_		_		-
Contract Staff	-		-		-		-		-
Contractual	50,000)	-		-		230,629		285,543
Equipment lease/rental	-		-		-		-		-
Equipment lease interest	-		-		-		-		-
Gain/loss on equipment	-		-		-		-		-
In-kind expenditures	-		-		-		-		-
Insurance and bonds	-		-		-		-		-
Internet/Data	-		-		-		-		-
Meeting expenses	-		-		-		-		-
Meeting registrations - board	-		-		-		-		-
Meeting registrations - staff			-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-		-
Office rent	-		-		-		-		-
Office supplies	-		-		-		-		-
Other supplies	-		-		-		-		-
Postage and shipping	-		-		-		-		-
Printing and photography	-		-		-		-		-
Professional fees	-		-		-		-		-
Property & equipment purchase	-		-		-		-		-
Repair & maintenance - equipment	-		-		-		-		-
Subscriptions, dues, & publications	-		-		-		-		-
Telecommunications	-		-		-		-		-
Travel - board	-		-		-		-		-
Travel - staff	-		-		-		-		-
Utilities	-		-		-		-		-
WIA office supplies	_		_		=		_		_
Total Expenditures	50,000		16,094		11,113		230,629		285,543
Total Experientures	30,000	<u></u>	10,074		11,113	-	230,027	-	200,343
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	-		3,488		2,409		(357)		-
•				-	<u> </u>	-		-	
Transfers in	_		4,896		3,380		357		_
Transfers out	_		(8,384)		(5,789)		-		_
. 10-0-0 00	-		(0,001)		(0). (0)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	(3,488)		(2,409)		357		
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	HS Aging Respite III-E CARES	HS Aging Ombudsman III-B CARES	HS Aging Home Meals III-C2 CARES	HS Aging Emergency Rent Asst. ERA CARES	HS Aging Internal Svcs. III-B
REVENUES					
Federal and State funds	\$ 137,184	\$ 8,999	\$ 270,488	\$ 1,215	\$ 284,821
Local contracts	-	-	-		-
Other income	-	-	_	-	-
In-kind revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	137,184	8,999	270,488	1,215	284,821
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries	7,715	1,022	8,371	-	107,773
Fringe benefits	2,630	386	3,272	-	40,644
Advertising	-	-	-	-	-
Automobile expenses	-	-	_	-	6,556
Bank fees	-	-	_	-	-
Building maintenance	-	-	_	-	-
Bus repair/maint/insurance	-	-	_	-	-
Caregiver/respite services	123,424	-	-	-	-
Contract Staff	=	-	-	-	-
Contractual	-	2,660	256,101	1,215	44,468
Equipment lease/rental	-	· -	· <u>-</u>	-	-
Equipment lease interest	-	-	-	-	-
Gain/loss on equipment	-	-	-	-	-
In-kind expenditures	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance and bonds	-	-	-	-	
Internet/Data	-	-	-	-	1,353
Meeting expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Meeting registrations - board	-	-	-	-	-
Meeting registrations - staff	-			-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Office rent	-	-	-	-	-
Office supplies	-	1,505	-	-	-
Other supplies	-	179	-	-	-
Postage and shipping	-	-	-	-	-
Printing and photography	-	1,912	-	-	-
Professional fees	-	· -	-	-	-
Property & equipment purchase	-	-	-	-	-
Repair & maintenance - equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Subscriptions, dues, & publications	-	-	-	-	1,080
Telecommunications	-	560	-	-	1,268
Travel - board	-	-	-	-	-
Travel - staff	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-
WIA office supplies	-	-	_	_	_
Total Expenditures	133,769	8,224	267,744	1,215	203,142
Total Expenditures	133,769	8,224	267,744	1,215	203,142
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	3,415	775	2,744		81,679
Transfers in	3,440	-	3,597	-	-
Transfers out	(6,855)	(775)	(6,341)	-	(81,679)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,415)	(775)	(2,744)		(81,679)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	HS Aging Contracts III-B	HS Aging Cong. Meals III-C1	HS Aging HD Meals III-C2	HS Aging Ev. Based Wellness III-D	HS Aging ACE Bingo	
REVENUES					Dingo	
Federal and State funds	\$ 242,775	\$ 32,873	\$ 1,352,965	\$ 24,298	\$ 38,460	
Local contracts	Ψ 212,770	Φ 02,070	ψ 1,552,765 -	21,250	φ 50,100	
Other income	_	_	_	_	_	
In-kind revenue	_	_	_	- -	_	
Total Revenues	242,775	32,873	1,352,965	24,298	38,460	
Total Revenues	242,773	32,073	1,332,703	24,270	30,400	
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries	_	-	_	-	_	
Fringe benefits	_	_	_	_	_	
Advertising	_	_	_	-	_	
Automobile expenses	_	_	_	-	_	
Bank fees	_	_	_	_	_	
Building maintenance	_	_	_	_	_	
Bus repair/maint/insurance	_	_	_	_	_	
Caregiver/respite services	_	_	_	_	_	
Contract Staff	_	-	-	-	-	
Contractual	242,775	32,873	1,352,966	24,298	38,460	
Equipment lease/rental	-	-	-	, -	-	
Equipment lease interest	_	_	-	-	-	
Gain/loss on equipment	_	_	-	-	-	
In-kind expenditures	_	_	-	-	-	
Insurance and bonds	_	_	_	-	_	
Internet/Data	_	_	-	-	-	
Meeting expenses	_	_	-	-	-	
Meeting registrations - board	_	_	-	-	-	
Meeting registrations - staff	_	_	_	-	_	
Miscellaneous	_	-	-	-	-	
Office rent	_	-	-	-	-	
Office supplies	-	-	-	-	-	
Other supplies	-	-	-	-	-	
Postage and shipping	-	-	-	-	-	
Printing and photography	-	-	-	-	-	
Professional fees	-	-	-	-	-	
Property & equipment purchase	-	-	-	-	_	
Repair & maintenance - equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Subscriptions, dues, & publications	-	-	-	-	-	
Telecommunications	-	-	-	-	_	
Travel - board	-	-	-	-	_	
Travel - staff	-	-	-	-	_	
Utilities	-	_	-	-	-	
WIA office supplies	_	_	_	_	_	
Total Expenditures	242,775	32,873	1,352,966	24,298	38,460	
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	-		(1)			
Transfers in	-	-	1	-	-	
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)			1			
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	HS Aging HS Aging HS Aging Homemaker Insurance Respite Spec. St. Funds Counseling III-E		I	S Aging Respite zheimers		5 Aging lespite Elks	Om	HS Aging Ombudsman III-B/VII				
REVENUES	эрес. э	runus		unsenng		III-E	AL	ZHEIIHEIS		LIKS		I-D/ V II
Federal and State funds	\$	5,429	\$	85,081	\$	470,747	\$	105,359	\$	_	\$	197,781
Local contracts	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	4	_	Ψ	-
Other income		_		_		-		_		4,000		_
In-kind revenue		_		_		_		_		-		_
Total Revenues		5,429		85,081		470,747		105,359		4,000		197,781
Total Revenues		0,12)		00,001		1,0,717		100,000		1,000		177,701
EXPENDITURES												
Salaries		_		24,357		47,595		4,249		_		88,976
Fringe benefits		_		9,186		18,220		1,613		_		33,555
Advertising		_		-		-		-		_		1,439
Automobile expenses		_		_		=		_		_		4,052
Bank fees		_		_						_		4,032
Building maintenance		_		_						_		_
Bus repair/maint/insurance		_		_						_		_
Caregiver/respite services		_		_		368,329		95,781		4,000		_
Contract Staff		_		_		-		-		-		_
Contract stair		5,429		30,000		_		_		_		_
Equipment lease/rental		-		-		=		_		_		_
Equipment lease interest		_		_		=		_		_		_
Gain/loss on equipment		_		_		_		_		_		_
In-kind expenditures		_		_		=		_		_		_
Insurance and bonds		_		_		_		_		_		_
Internet/Data		_		_		_		_		_		_
Meeting expenses		_		_		_		_		_		_
Meeting registrations - board		_		_		_		_		_		_
Meeting registrations - staff		_		_		_		400		_		17
Miscellaneous		_		_		_		-		_		-
Office rent		_		_		-		_		_		_
Office supplies		_		_		-		_		_		218
Other supplies		_		_		-		_		_		-
Postage and shipping		_		1,823		=		_		_		_
Printing and photography		_		1,198		408		_		_		1,489
Professional fees		_		-		-		_		_		-
Property & equipment purchase		_		_		=		_		_		_
Repair & maintenance - equipment		_		_		-		_		_		_
Subscriptions, dues, & publications		_		57		1,015		_		_		100
Telecommunications		_		_		211		_		_		503
Travel - board		_		_				_		_		-
Travel - staff		_		_		=		_		_		_
Utilities		_		_		-		_		_		_
WIA office supplies						105 550		- 102.012		1 000		120.210
Total Expenditures		5,429		66,621		435,778		102,043		4,000		130,349
Excess of revenues over (under)												
expenditures				18,460		34,969		3,316		-		67,432
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		(18,460)		(34,969)		(3,316)		-		(67,432)
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>		(18,460)		(34,969)		(3,316)				(67,432)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	HS Aging PRIME 21-R05	HS Aging P&A Title III	HS Aging Home Del. Meals HCBS	HS Aging Meal Site Transp. HCBS	HS Aging Essential Transp. HCBS	
REVENUES						
Federal and State funds	\$ 3,885	\$ 199,221	\$ 622,569	\$ 9,072	\$ 12,284	
Local contracts	-	-	-	-	-	
Other income	-	-	-	-	-	
In-kind revenue	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Revenues	3,885	199,221	622,569	9,072	12,284	
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries	1,818	90,143	-	-	-	
Fringe benefits	687	33,884	-	-	-	
Advertising	-	598	-	-	-	
Automobile expenses	-	-	-	-	-	
Bank fees	-	-	-	-	-	
Building maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	
Bus repair/maint/insurance	-	-	-	-	-	
Caregiver/respite services	-	-	-	-	-	
Contract Staff	-	-	-	-	-	
Contractual	-	-	622,569	9,072	12,284	
Equipment lease/rental	-	-	-	-	-	
Equipment lease interest Gain/loss on equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
In-kind expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	
Insurance and bonds	_	_	_	-	-	
Internet/Data	-	480	_	-	_	
Meeting expenses	_	-	_	_	_	
Meeting registrations - board	_	_	_	-	_	
Meeting registrations - staff	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	
Office rent	-	-	-	-	-	
Office supplies	-	91	-	-	-	
Other supplies	-	-	-	-	-	
Postage and shipping	-	-	-	-	-	
Printing and photography	-	-	-	-	-	
Professional fees	-	1,820	-	-	-	
Property & equipment purchase	-	-	-	-	-	
Repair & maintenance - equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Subscriptions, dues, & publications	-	2,600	-	-	-	
Telecommunications Travel - board	-	482	-	-	-	
Travel - staff	-	-	-	-	-	
Utilities	_	_	_		_	
WIA office supplies						
Total Expenditures	2,505	130,098	622,569	9,072	12,284	
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	1,380	69,123				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(1,380)	(69,123)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,380)	(69,123)				
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	HS Aging Homemaker HCBS		Me	5 Aging dication t. Program	SRS	Aging Retirees ociation	FT	Transit A 5307 5-018XX-00	FT	Transit A 5307 9-022XX-00
REVENUES			110010	u 110giuiii						9 022/01 00
Federal and State funds	\$	21,318	\$	-	\$	_	\$	85,357	\$	182,364
Local contracts		-		14,676		6,890		1,670		85
Other income		-		-				-		-
In-kind revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		21,318		14,676		6,890		87,027		182,449
						<u> </u>				
EXPENDITURES										
Salaries		-		4,461		-		1,460		71,041
Fringe benefits		-		1,682		-		628		26,714
Advertising		-		-		-		-		-
Automobile expenses		-		-		-		-		-
Bank fees		-		-		-		-		-
Building maintenance		-		-		-		-		-
Bus repair/maint/insurance		-		-		-		-		-
Caregiver/respite services		-		-		-		-		-
Contract Staff		-		-		-		-		-
Contractual		21,318		5,152		6,334		-		-
Equipment lease/rental		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment lease interest		-		-		-		-		-
Gain/loss on equipment		-		-		-		-		-
In-kind expenditures		-		-		-		-		-
Insurance and bonds		-		-		-		-		-
Internet/Data		-		-		-		-		-
Meeting expenses		-		-		-		-		-
Meeting registrations - board		-		-		-		-		-
Meeting registrations - staff		-		-		-		100		200
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Office rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office supplies		-		-		17		-		-
Other supplies		-		-		-		2,260		645
Postage and shipping		-		-		-		-		-
Printing and photography		-		-		-		-		-
Professional fees		-		-		-		-		-
Property & equipment purchase		-		-		-		81,411		-
Repair & maintenance - equipment		-		-		-		-		-
Subscriptions, dues, & publications		-		-		-		-		30,070
Telecommunications		-		-		539		-		-
Travel - board		-		-		-		-		-
Travel - staff		-		-		-		-		-
Utilities		-		-		-		-		-
WIA office supplies		-		_		-		_		-
Total Expenditures		21,318		11,295		6,890		85,859		128,670
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures		-		3,381		-		1,168		53,779
•							-			
Transfers in		_		-		_		814		37,883
Transfers out		-		(3,381)		-		(1,982)		(91,662)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(3,381)		_		(1,168)		(53,779)
				(-) 1				() - 2)		(-, -,
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	FTA 5307 C	HS Transit FTA 5307 CARES SC2020-030-00		Transit) Urban DHHS	SCD	Transit OT 5310 O610-FX	SCDC	ransit OT 5310 O610-FX	HS Transit SCDOT 5310 PT-21O610-39	
REVENUES			-							
Federal and State funds	\$	436,781	\$	92,308	\$	34,259	\$	24,818	\$	13,003
Local contracts		-		-		-		-		-
Other income		43,311		24,762		-		-		-
In-kind revenue										-
Total Revenues		480,092		117,070		34,259		24,818		13,003
EXPENDITURES										
Salaries		-		27,088		15,437		12,234		6,090
Fringe benefits		-		10,216		6,163		4,272		2,297
Advertising		-		-		-		-		-
Automobile expenses		17		-		-		-		-
Bank fees		-		-		-		-		-
Building maintenance		-		-		-		-		-
Bus repair/maint/insurance		-		-		-		-		-
Caregiver/respite services		-		-		-		-		-
Contract Staff		50		-		-		-		-
Contractual Equipment lease/rental		474,804		59,235		-		-		-
Equipment lease interest		-		-		-		-		-
Gain/loss on equipment		_		-		_		_		_
In-kind expenditures		_		_		_		_		_
Insurance and bonds		_		_		_		_		_
Internet/Data		_		_		_		_		_
Meeting expenses		_		_		-		_		_
Meeting registrations - board		-		-		_		_		-
Meeting registrations - staff		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Office rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office supplies		-		-		-		-		-
Other supplies		2,975		-		-		-		-
Postage and shipping		-		-		-		-		-
Printing and photography		1,131		-		-		-		-
Professional fees		263		-		-		-		-
Property & equipment purchase		-		-		-		-		-
Repair & maintenance - equipment		-		-		-		-		-
Subscriptions, dues, & publications Telecommunications		250 602		-		-		-		-
Travel - board		602		-		-		-		-
Travel - staff		-		-		-		-		-
Utilities		_		_		_		_		-
WIA office supplies		100.000						- 46.506		- 0.005
Total Expenditures		480,092		96,539		21,600		16,506		8,387
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		20,531		12,659		8,312		4,616
-			-		-		-			
Transfers in		-		-		8,565		6,205		3,251
Transfers out				(20,531)		(21,224)		(14,517)		(7,867)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(20,531)		(12,659)		(8,312)		(4,616)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$	-

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	HS Tra 5300 Augusta-Ri	3	A	CDBG Admin rojects	I	PCED HOME onsortia		PCED DBG Planning 4-RP-19-005	T	ning & ech stance	Con	PCED np. Plans l Zoning
REVENUES	Tugusta-Iti	- Italiani		Tojects		onsortia		1-KI -19-003		starice		Zonnig
Federal and State funds	\$	_	\$	_	\$	117,976	\$	50,000	\$	_	\$	_
Local contracts	Ψ	12,000	Ψ	50,535	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	51,552
Other income		48,000		-				_		_		51,552
In-kind revenue		-		_		_		_		_		_
Total Revenues		60,000		50,535		117,976		50,000				51,552
Total Revenues		00,000		30,333		117,570		30,000			-	31,332
EXPENDITURES												
Salaries		28,047		34,285		51,157		24,247		7,064		23,437
Fringe benefits		10,577		12,898		19,293		9,182		2,664		8,839
Advertising		-		221		788		1,859		-		-
Automobile expenses		_		-		-		-		_		_
Bank fees		_		_		_		_		_		_
Building maintenance		_		_		_		_		_		_
Bus repair/maint/insurance		_		_		_		_		_		_
Caregiver/respite services		_		_		_		_		_		_
Contract Staff		_		1,112		463		1,331		938		1,662
Contractual		_		-,		6,550		-,		-		-,
Equipment lease/rental		_		_		-		_		_		_
Equipment lease interest		_		_		_		_		_		_
Gain/loss on equipment		_		_		_		_		_		_
In-kind expenditures		_		_		_		_		_		_
Insurance and bonds		_		_		_		_		_		_
Internet/Data		_		_		_		_		_		_
Meeting expenses		_		_		_		_		_		_
Meeting registrations - board		_		_		_		_		_		_
Meeting registrations - staff		_		_		250		750		_		_
Miscellaneous		_		_		-		-		_		_
Office rent		_		-		_		_		_		-
Office supplies		_		_		_		_		_		_
Other supplies		_		_		_		_		68		_
Postage and shipping		_		_		_		_		-		_
Printing and photography		_		_		97		_		199		1,202
Professional fees		_		-		_		_		-		-
Property & equipment purchase		_		-		_		_		_		_
Repair & maintenance - equipment		_		_		_		_		_		_
Subscriptions, dues, & publications		_		-		_		464		699		_
Telecommunications		120		-		_		_		-		_
Travel - board		_		-		_		_		_		_
Travel - staff		_		37		606		1,378		_		_
Utilities		_		_		-		-		_		_
WIA office supplies						_						
		20.544		10.550				20.211		- 11 (22		- 25.1.10
Total Expenditures		38,744		48,553		79,204		39,211		11,632	-	35,140
Excess of revenues over (under)								40 =00				
expenditures	-	21,256		1,982		38,772		10,789		(11,632)		16,412
Transfers in		-		24,007		-		7,664		16,986		1,350
Transfers out		(21,256)		(25,989)		(38,772)		(18,453)		(5,354)		(17,762)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(21,256)		(1,982)		(38,772)		(10,789)		11,632		(16,412)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	PCED EDA Admin Projects	PCED EDA Planning ED19ATL3020015	PCED EDA CARES Planning ED20ATL3070042	PCED FEMA PDMC-PL-04-SC-2018-001	PCED SCDOT FAST-ACT
REVENUES					
Federal and State funds	\$ -	\$ 54,565	\$ 85,763	\$ 26,007	\$ 85,000
Local contracts	22,193	-	-	8,660	-
Other income		_	_	-	_
In-kind revenue	_	-	_	_	_
Total Revenues	22,193	54,565	85,763	34,667	85,000
Tom Revenues		0 1,000	30,700	0 1/00/	
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries	8,298	32,777	38,773	15,986	49,330
Fringe benefits	4,368	11,123	14,623	6,029	18,567
Advertising	-	-	-	-	132
Automobile expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Bank fees	-	-	-	-	-
Building maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Bus repair/maint/insurance	-	-	-	-	-
Caregiver/respite services	-	-	-	-	-
Contract Staff	-	255	-	537	-
Contractual	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment lease/rental	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment lease interest	-	-	-	-	-
Gain/loss on equipment	-	-	-	-	-
In-kind expenditures	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance and bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Internet/Data	-	-	-	-	-
Meeting expenses	-	-	150	-	390
Meeting registrations - board	-	-	-	-	-
Meeting registrations - staff	-	570	-	-	519
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Office rent	-	-	-	-	-
Office supplies	-	-	-	-	-
Other supplies	-	-	108	-	-
Postage and shipping	-	-	116	-	-
Printing and photography	-	-	271	-	-
Professional fees	-	-		-	-
Property & equipment purchase	-	-	-	-	-
Repair & maintenance - equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Subscriptions, dues, & publications	-	324	324	-	-
Telecommunications	-	-	922	-	-
Travel - board	-	-	-	-	-
Travel - staff	-	489	1,091	-	-
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-
WIA office supplies	-	_	-	_	-
Total Expenditures	12,666	45,538	56,378	22,552	68,938
	12,000	40,330	30,376		00,730
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	9,527	9,027	29,385	12,115	16,062
Transfers in	(1,065)	13,641	-	_	21,250
Transfers out	(8,462)	(22,668)	(29,385)	(12,115)	(37,312)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,527)	(9,027)	(29,385)	(12,115)	(16,062)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		ourism modations Tax	Courism Legional	Ma	ourism arketing ecovery	Totals
REVENUES			 			
Federal and State funds	\$	105,469	\$ 225,000	\$	50,000	9,957,915
Local contracts		-	-		-	168,261
Other income		-	-		-	283,449
In-kind revenue		-	-		-	-
Total Revenues		105,469	225,000		50,000	10,409,625
ENORM DATE OF THE STATE OF THE						
EXPENDITURES			104.040			4.075.600
Salaries		-	126,062		-	1,375,692
Fringe benefits		-	47,542		-	518,782
Advertising		35,549	-		50,000	183,489
Automobile expenses		-	-		-	21,047
Bank fees		-	-		-	-
Building maintenance		-	-		-	11,354
Bus repair/maint/insurance		-	-		-	-
Caregiver/respite services		-	-		-	591,534
Contract Staff		-	-		-	6,448
Contractual		4,406	-		-	6,341,882
Equipment lease/rental		-	-		-	4,018
Equipment lease interest		-	-		-	-
Gain/loss on equipment		-	-		-	-
In-kind expenditures		-	-		-	-
Insurance and bonds		-	-		-	11,305
Internet/Data		-	-		-	36,044
Meeting expenses		196	-		-	736
Meeting registrations - board		-	-		-	-
Meeting registrations - staff		325	-		-	3,330
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	-
Office rent		-	-		-	115,254
Office supplies		74	-		-	1,970
Other supplies		-	-		-	40,529
Postage and shipping		4,885	-		-	6,971
Printing and photography		9,584	-		-	17,733
Professional fees		-	-		-	2,774
Property & equipment purchase		-	-		-	105,397
Repair & maintenance - equipment		-	-		-	-
Subscriptions, dues, & publications		5,660	_		_	42,643
Telecommunications		602	_		_	19,209
Travel - board		-	_		_	(200)
Travel - staff		43	_		_	3,644
Utilities		-	_		-	2,053
WIA office supplies			 			2,867
Total Expenditures		61,324	 173,604		50,000	9,466,505
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		44,145	 51,396			943,120
Torres of constitu			44 1 4 5			000 000
Transfers in		- (44 14E)	44,145		-	377,752
Transfers out	-	(44,145)	 (95,541)			(1,320,872)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(44,145)	 (51,396)			(943,120)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$ -	\$		-

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	
Interest income	\$ 60
Other income	 18,840
Total Revenues	 18,900
EXPENDITURES	
Transfer to Other Government	-
Miscellaneous	-
Total Expenditures	
Net change in fund balance	18,900
Fund balance, beginning of year	 290,152
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 309,052

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS REGIONAL INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES Interest income Other income In-kind revenue	\$ 7 37,469 -
	 37,476
EXPENDITURES	
Contractual	37,271
Miscellaneous	8,280
In-kind expense	-
Total Expenditures	 45,551
Net change in fund balance	(8,075)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 31,859
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 23,784

Budget to Actual SCDOT 5310 Elderly and Disabled Grant Grant Period: July 1, 2019 - December 31, 2020

Contract Number: PT-20O610-FX
South Carolina Grant Number: SC-2020-004-00
Budget Period: July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2021

Expenditures (Capital)
Mobility Management
Total Capital Expenditures

Total Expenditures

		5310 Funds				Local Funds					
		Current Period		Prior Period		Current Period		Prior Period		-	Total Program
	Total Budget	7/20 to 1	12/20	7/19	to 6/20	7/20	to 12/20	7/19	9 to 6/20		Variance
ç	93,750	\$	34,259	\$	40,741	\$	8,565	\$	10,185	\$	-
5	93,750	\$	34,259	\$	40,741	\$	8,565	\$	10,185	\$	-
Ç	93,750	\$	34,259	\$	40,741	\$	8,565	\$	10,185	\$	

Approved Budget \$ 93,750
Total Federal Costs 75,000
Total SMTF Costs Total Local Costs 18,750
Budget over Actual \$ or Actual over Budget

Budget to Actual SCDOT 5310 Elderly and Disabled Grant Grant Period: July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2022

Contract Number: PT-21O610-FX
South Carolina Grant Number: SC-2021-008-00
Budget Period: July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2021

Expenditures (Capital)
Mobility Management
Total Capital Expenditures

Total Expenditures

	5310	Funds	Local Funds		
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Total Program
Total Budget	7/20 to 6/21	7/19 to 6/20	7/20 to 6/21	7/19 to 6/20	Variance
\$ 93,750	\$ 24,819	\$ -	\$ 6,204	\$ -	\$ 62,727
\$ 93,750	\$ 24,819	\$ -	\$ 6,204	\$ -	\$ 62,727
\$ 93,750	\$ 24,819	\$ -	\$ 6,204	\$ -	\$ 62,727

Approved Budget \$ 93,750
Total Federal Costs 24,819
Total SMTF Costs Total Local Costs 6,204
Budget over Actual \$ 62,727
or Actual over Budget

Budget to Actual SCDOT 5310 Elderly and Disabled Grant Grant Period: July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2022

Contract Number: PT-21O610-39 South Carolina Grant Number: SC-2021-011-00 Budget Period: July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2021

Expenditures (Capital)
Mobility Management
Total Capital Expenditures

Total Expenditures

	5310 Funds	Local Funds			
Total Budget	Current Period 7/20 to 6/21		Current Period 7/20 to 6/21	-	Total Program Variance
\$ 50,000	\$ 13,002	\$	3,251	\$	33,747
\$ 50,000	\$ 13,002	\$	3,251	\$	33,747
\$ 50,000	\$ 13,002	\$	3,251	\$	33,747

Approved Budget \$ 50,000

Total Federal Costs 13,002

Total SMTF Costs
Total Local Costs 3,251

Budget over Actual \$ 33,747

or Actual over Budget

Budget to Actual SCDOT 5307 SMTF Grant Period: July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2023

Contract Number: PT-210699-13 *Budget Period: July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2021*

Expenditures (Operating) Project Administration Operating Non-ADA Capital ADA Capital Technical Assistance Total Expenditures

		5307 from FTA	SMTF Funds	Local Funds	
		Current Period	Current Period	Current Period	Total Program
Cont	ract Budget	7/20 to 6/21	7/20 to 6/21	7/20 to 6/21	Variance
\$	1,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,350
	-				-
	63,470		31,122		32,348
	126,000	66,858	11,799		47,343
					-
\$	190,820	\$ 66,858	\$ 42,921	\$ -	\$ 81,041

Approved Budget	\$ 190,820
Total Federal Costs	66,858
Total SMTF Costs	42,921
Total Local Costs	-
Budget over Actual	\$ 81,041
or Actual over Budget	

or Actual over Budget

^{*} Contract for Multiple items since Fixed Route is 100% covered under Cares Grant



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors Lower Savannah Council of Governments Aiken, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants S.C. Association of Certified Public Accountants The Board of Directors Lower Savannah Council of Governments October 15, 2021

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKinley, Cooper & Co., LLC

Greenville, South Carolina October 15, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Board of Directors Lower Savannah Council of Governments Aiken, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' (the "Council") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Council's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' compliance.





The Board of Directors Lower Savannah Council of Governments October 15, 2021

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Lower Savannah Council of Governments complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKinley, Cooper & Co., LLC

Greenville, South Carolina October 15, 2021

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Direct - Economic Development Administration				
EDA - Planning	11.302	ED19ATL3020015	\$ -	\$ 54,565
EDA - CARES Planning	11.302	ED20ATL3070042		85,764
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			-	140,329
U.S. Department of Labor				
Passed through the SC Department of Employment and Workforce				
WIoA Cluster				
WIOA - Adult	17.258	19A008	148,294	230,848
WIOA - Adult	17.258	20A008	395,638	820,164
WIOA - Adult	17.258	20CIG08	-	83,715
WIOA - Adult	17.258	20SRA08	-	90,180
WIOA - Dislocated Worker	17.278	19DW008	191,330	327,484
WIOA - Dislocated Worker	17.278	20DW008	602,864	864,231
WIOA - Dislocated Worker	17.278	20IWT08	-	5,000
WIOA - Dislocated Worker	17.278	20SEC08	-	49,677
WIOA - Youth	17.259	19Y008	211,719	377,775
WIOA - Youth	17.259	20Y008	436,043	682,864
Total U.S. Department of Labor			1,985,888	3,531,938
U.S. Department of Transportation Direct - Federal Transit Administration Federal Transit Cluster (Section 5307) Aiken County Transit (Section 5307) Aiken County Transit	20.507 20.507	SC-2016-018-XX-01 SC-2019-022-XX-01	- -	73,106 151,694
(Section 5307 CARES) Aiken County Transit	20.507	SC-2020-030-00	433,811	436,781
Total Federal Transit Cluster			433,811	661,581
Passed through the Augusta Planning and Development Department				
Transit Services Program Cluster				
Section 5310 Urban MM	20.513		_	44,919
Section 5310 Urban P.O.S.	20.513		47,388	47,388
Passed through the SC Department of Transportation, Office of Public Transit Transit Services Program Cluster				
Section 5310 Flex	20.513	PT-20O610-FX	-	34,259
Section 5310 Flex	20.513	PT-21O610-FX	_	24,818
Section 5310 MM	20.513	PT-21O610-39	_	13,003
Total Transit Services Program Cluster			47,388	164,387
Passed through the SC Department of Transportation, Office of Planning Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				
FAST ACT/SCDOT Guideshare	20.205	N/A		95,000
·	20.203	IN/A		85,000 85,000
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			-	85,000
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			481,199	910,968
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through Orangeburg County, SC				
HOME Consortia	14.239	M19DC45-0216	-	44,538
HOME Consortia	14.239	M20DC45-0216	-	73,438
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				117,976
•				

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

U.S. FEMA Passed thro

Passed throughSC Emergency Management Division Office of the Adjutant General				
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.047	PDMC-PL-04-SC-2018-001	\$ -	\$ 26,007
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			-	26,007
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through the SC Department on Aging				
Aging Cluster				
Title III Part B I&RA, Legal, Svcs, Admin, Ombudsman	93.044	R5MG21	304,155	637,187
Title III Part B CARES	93.044	CARES FCG Omb-05	-	8,999
Title III Part C Meals/Admin	93.045	R5MG21	991,713	1,086,186
Title III Part C COVID	93.045	ADRC-COVID-05	50,000	50,000
Title III Part C CARES	93.045	CARES HDM SS-05	515,815	546,850
Title III Part C CARES	93.045	COVID-Meals-05	251,098	264,586
NSIP	93.053	R5MG21	299,628	299,628
Total Aging Cluster			2,412,409	2,893,436
Other programs				
Title III Part D	93.043	R5MG21	24,298	24,298
Title VII Ombudsman	93.041	R5MG21		60,848
Titles VII Elder Abuse	93.042	R5MG21	-	3,147
Medicare Patrol	93.048	R5IC21	-	15,342
Title III Part E Caregiver Support	93.052	R5MG21	-	353,100
Title III Part E CARES	93.052	CARES FCG Omb-05	-	136,324
Affordable Care Act - Medicare Enrollment				
Assistance Program	93.071	R5IC21	-	16,938
State Health Insurance Assistance Program	93.324	R5IC21	30,000	54,015
Support for Ombudsman and Beneficiary				
Counseling Programs	93.634	Prime21-R05		3,885
Total U.S. Department of Health				
and Human Services			2,466,707	3,561,333
Totals			\$ 4,933,794	\$ 8,288,551

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Lower Savannah Council of Governments.

NOTE 2 – COST PRINCIPLES

Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in 2 CFR Part 200, Cost Principles for States, Local Governments, and Indian Tribes, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Matching costs, i.e., the non-federal share of certain program costs, are not included in the Schedule.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Lower Savannah Council of Governments has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

None Reported.

Financial Statements	
Type of Auditor's Report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified opinion
Internal control over financial reporting:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted 	Yes _X_ No Yes _X_ None reported Yes _X_ No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	Yes _X_ No Yes _X_ None Reported
Type of Auditor's Report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified opinion
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) (Uniform Guidance)?	Yes _X_ No
Identification of Major Federal Programs:	
93.044, 93.045, 93.040, 93.053 U.S. Department of Health and H	Human Services Aging Cluster
The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs:	\$750,000
Lower Savannah Council of Governments qualified as low-risk auditee?	_X_Yes No
II. Financial Statement Findings	
None Reported.	
III. Major Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	

LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There were no federal award-related audit findings in the prior year.